

The Decatur Daily Republican.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1882.

NO. 259

VOL. X.

20 Per Cent 20
REDUCTION FOR CASH.

OVERCOATS!
MEN'S OVER COATS,
BOYS' OVERCOATS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' WINTER UNDERWEAR,
KNIT JACKETS, WOOLEN SCARFS, CAPS
and HEAVY GLOVES

REDUCED 20 PER CT.

FROM FORMER PRICE.

We have a well-assorted Stock, and must sell
to make room for our Spring Goods. We will give

GREAT BARGAINS

Until March 2d, when

Our Grand Prize Drawing

TAKES PLACE.

J. R. RACE & CO.

Jan. 19, 1882—No. 259

GEO. P. BLUME WILL MOVE, APRIL 1st
INTO HIS LARGE AND ELEGANT NEW QUARTERS.

53 Opera Block, N. Water St., (now Prescott's Music Store.)



We have Just Received

T. H. ATTENDED.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF
BREECH AND MUZZLE-LOADING
SHOT-GUNS

REVOLVERS

Ever seen to Central Illinois, and being
BOUGHT FOR CASH,
We are enabled to return them

J. H. HUBBELL

AT WHOLESALE PRICES

We warrant Everything as Represented

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND
PRICES.

KORSMEYER & O'NEILL,

Prairie St., 2 doors East Post Office.
March 8, 1882—No. 259

RADCLIFF & BULLARD,

Successors to E. B. & T. G. & C. C.

UNDELTAKERS! A. O. BREWER'S

BAKERY,

NO. 25 North Main St.

And dealers in all kinds of

Wood, Metallic Coffins and Caskets.

Prices ranging from the cheapest to the most
expensive. Also

FULL CLOTH COVERED CAS-

KETS OF SOLID WALNUT.

For the use of the dead, who are buried in the
city, only fully convinced, is to give us a call.

Southwest Corner Old Square,
Decatur, Illinois.

Night calls left at the New Decatur Hotel, or
at our place of business, shall have our prompt
attention.

PEIRCE & FISHER,

late Principals Examiners and Law Clerk of
U. S. Patent Office.

COUNSELORS AT LAW,

SOLICITORS OF PATENTS,

23 HONORABLE BLOCK, CHICAGO.

N. LAUX, Proprietor.

South Main St., corner of Wood, Decatur, Ill.

\$0.00 per day. Library furnished in connection
with house. Carriage furnished at all hours.

50 New States of Chromo Cards with Name
and Address, 10c. New Year Cards, 10c.

50 New States of Chromo Cards with Name
and Address, 10c. New Year Cards, 10c.

ROMANCE OF A DIRTY FACE.

Fred —— was my college chum. We had been together four years, and our friendship was as strong and sincere as it is given to mortals to enjoy. Fred had a sister—more beautiful, he said, than the Venus of Milo, for her limbs were all perfect, and she was intelligent, educated and good. Fred wanted me to get acquainted with her, and marry her. If I could.

The family were spending the season at Long Branch, and it was arranged that Fred and I should meet them as soon as the vacation commenced. We arrived at the hotel and had just got into our room when tea was announced. The pangs of hunger had seized me as I heard the summons, and I suddenly formed a desperate resolution.

"Fred," said I, "I am going to tea before I dress."

"Better make your first appearance like Christian—take my advice," said Fred, who was very punctilious as to dress, and all other social proprieties.

"No, indeed! Such things are only done in novels. I am a flesh-and-blood woman—with an appetite!"

"You wouldn't have married me, then, if I had been as poor as I represented."

"The devil you say!"

"No, dear, I could not be mistaken. I had already learned to look upon you as my future husband, and when I once saw you I could not possibly forget your features so soon."

"You would have married me, then, if I had been as poor as I represented."

"No, indeed! Such things are only

done in novels. I am a flesh-and-

blood woman—with an appetite!"

"I was shocked; but so have been

many men.

The American Abroad.

We found many American travelers in the hotels. Vulgarity is very

amusing when it is French or German; it is part of the day's experience; but when it speaks English one feels a sort of unpleasant responsibility for it. Blood is thicker than water, and the vulgarity of one's own family, even far-away members of it, is certainly depressing. One is not proud of "calling cousins" with the usual traveling specimens of the United States. We came in from looking at the fine old church of St. Benigne in the twilight, when an exceedingly well-dressed lady followed us from the same place. "What did you see?" said her friends. "There were no shops, and I felt so lonesome that I came back," she said, with a twang enough to electrify one. Her neighbor replied by a long dissertation on the relative advantages of gathers and flounces, and it seemed strange to have taken the pains to come 4,000 miles to discuss problems, important, no doubt, but which might quite as well have been followed up at home. In the *littres des voyageurs* were "observations" for the enlightenment of mankind, such as "Mr. and Mrs. —, from Massachusetts. Pears here very good, the best we have had since reaching Europe," which combined the advantage of a hit at the poor Old World and a trumpet-blast in honor of the New, even if it were only in the matter of pears. Why do such people take the trouble to come? They must be rich, or they could not afford the expense. In the old society such an amount of wealth implied a certain amount of culture, and to travel so far a certain sprinkling of knowledge and interest in art. But these have neither; and it was evidently very dull work to them and to many others we met. Indeed, the head of this very party, an old man after his woman-kind left him and he was free to behave as he liked, nearly put out his jaw with his fearful yawns, accompanied by an inarticulate of *ennui*, louder than were hideous than I ever heard. *Lady Verney* in the *Contemporary Review*.

"Fred," said I, "introduce me by some other name to-night. She will not recognize me again. Tell her I am sick, or dead—anything—and give me a chance to wear off the disagreeable impression I have produced."

This was agreed to, and when an

opportunity moment arrived I was pre-

sented under the name of Montague

—a college acquaintance. Fred ex-

plained. My absence was explained

on the ground of indisposition, and I had the satisfaction of hearing Maud (for that was her name) say

she was not sorry, for, as she put it,

"Fred's particular friend is about the ugliest looking mortal I ever saw."

As time passed on I became more

and more romantic, and among other

projects determined to give her to

understand that I was a little more

impudent than Job's poverty-

stricken turkey, but that I sought to

win her, if possible, for myself alone.

"Fred," said I, "introduce me by

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TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 30, 1882
B. H. HAMSHER, J. B. MOSSER,
HAMSHER & MOSSER, Proprietors.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois
as second class mail matter.

THE PERUVIAN MATTER.

Just now the exciting topic of discussion in Washington circles, and, indeed, throughout the country generally, is the changed attitude of President Arthur's administration with reference to South American affairs. It will be remembered that in November last the president appointed William H. Trescott special minister to Chili and Peru, the object of his mission being to aid in the adjustment of the difficulties between those countries. At that time Mr. Blaine was at the head of the diplomatic affairs of this government, and in his instructions to Mr. Trescott he authorized him, in case the Chilian government declined to relieve the president of the painful impression created by it in his mind with reference to its overthrow of the Calderon government (which had been recognized by the United States) to say to the Chilian authorities that such action was considered by the president as "an intentional and unwaranted offense" and "of such unfriendly import as to require an immediate suspension of all diplomatic intercourse." With these instructions in his pocket the special envoy departed for South America, but when Mr. Blaine left the state department in December, and was succeeded by Mr. Drayton, the latter, under date of January 6th, advised Mr. Trescott by telegraph that he should consider as revoked that part of his original instructions which contained the threat of a suspension of diplomatic intercourse which threatened in the respectful language of diplomacy "tantamount to a challenge to fight."

It is claimed by certain parties that the instructions of Mr. Blaine to Mr. Trescott were given without the authority of the president, and that when the latter discovered the attitude in which this government had been placed by his former secretary of state, he made haste to revoke the instructions and protest against the policy. On the other hand Mr. Blaine is reported to have said that the instructions were not only read by the president, but approved by him. It seems, however, that the real question is not as to whether Mr. Blaine read of his authority, but as to whether the president has a right to make a wrong committed either by himself or one of his secretaries. If Mr. Blaine's version is correct, then the president would have been convinced by events subsequent to the issue of the letter of instruction to Mr. Trescott, or by nature reflected on his own part, that the government of the United States had assumed a position that it was more honorable to recede from than to hold, and he would have not been justified in stubbornly maintaining the attitude first taken for the mere purpose of seeming to be consistent. The president evidently believes that it is not dishonorable to substitute a just policy for an unjust and wrong one, even if he had been at one time committed to the latter. The Chicago Tribune, which has never been friendly to President Arthur, is constrained to take this view of the case, and concludes a long editorial on the subject, in which it takes the ground that the president had a right to change his "ways" in this wise.

The question to be considered by the public is, Is not the policy of strict neutrality avowed by the president in January a wiser one than that marked out in December last? Why should the United States intermeddle in the wars of two South American republics? These states are in a chronic state of war, civil or foreign, and have been since their independence was established. The Peruvians and Chilians are of the same general class Spanish and Indian. In Chili there is more Spanish than Indian, and in Peru there is more Indian than Spanish. After a semi-civilized war Chili has conquered Peru, and holds all the Peruvian territory that has the least value. What possible political interest can it be to the United States if these two so-called Spanish-Indian republics be consolidated, and henceforth be one instead of two? If consolidated by force they will live in civil war; if they be kept alive as separate states, one holding the other under mortgage, they will still live in civil war. Is it not in the interest of humanity that one strong state be erected out of the two? And whether this be Chili or Peru is a matter of indifference. Why should the United States undertake to decide between them, and thereby engage in war with Chili? If we espouse the cause of Peru, other nations may take the side of Chili. Why should not the United States adhere to its ancient policy of strict neutrality? President Arthur in his revised policy has certainly taken the better and wiser part.

We Give Away

12 yards of 7½ cent (actual value) valentines, to every purchaser of Five Dollars worth. Remember, our goods are all marked in plain selling figures, and no advantage is taken on account of the above proposition.

18 CHEAP CHARLEY'S

One-Piece Clothing House. Jan 21st & 22nd.

STRICT ATTENTION: Politicos always shown to patrons no misrepresentations permitted at Cheap Charley's, the manufacturer of clothing exclusively for retail trade.

Anthony & Kahn's celebrated St. Louis Lager Beer delivered to any part of the city in large or small kegs, by J. S. CAMPBELL, Agent. July 30th.

MINISTERS, lawyers, teachers and others whose occupation gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pill for torpid liver and biliousness. One pill a dose. Sold by Hubbard & Swearns.

25 Day Stove Wood, at McClelland's coal yard. Send orders from Cole Bros' drug store.

Sept 6th & 7th

Woman's Education

In an article on the late woman suffrage convention at Louisville the *Courier-Journal* of that city says: That which women require, first of all, and that which this whole woman's movement really tends to, is education. It is simply shocking to consider the way we bring up our girls. They are actually taught to know nothing. The theory of our system is that in order to keep them pure, we must keep them ignorant. The result is that we confine the process of purification to those that naturally take to it, and multiply the errors, the sorrows, and the suffering a hundred fold. It is impossible to estimate the good which has been done in the last five and twenty years by the agitation of questions relating to the condition of women. If the sometimes too ardent and aggressive leaders of this agitation have not accomplished all they have aimed at, they have yet made a great and beneficial progress. The area of woman's work has been vastly enlarged. The means of self-protection and self-help have been everywhere multiplied. Possibilities are open to women, which, half a century ago, would have been considered preposterous. She is no longer restricted to needlework and nursing. She is not required to fold her hands and let her destiny be looking pretty and pleasing the men."

A Rich Editor's Income

The value of the New York Sun is represented by 350 shares of stock, of which one share was sold the other day for \$4,100. This puts the value of the whole at \$1,435,000, not a bad estimate for a "small" daily paper. But this sum does not represent the real value. For reasons best known to parties concerned, this single share was not bid up to its real value; it was sold cheap. The actual price of the Sun stock is \$5,000 per share, which rings the value of the entire interest up to \$1,750,000. Five thousand dollars per share is five times more than per value, which is \$1,000 per share. For years the Sun has paid 50 per cent dividends on the par value of its stock; so that one share brings the holder \$500 per year. At this rate of interest, \$5,000 per share is not a high price. Mr. Charles A. Dana's income from salary and interest on stock is said to be \$75,000 per year, and Mr. England's, the publishers, is very large.

SCOVILLE: All these things show the propriety of something more than *ex parte* affidavits in this matter. I ask that the jurors be produced in court or the court appoint a commission to take their depositions, and that I be allowed to produce such further testimony as I think proper as to the genuineness of the handwriting.

AS TO THE ARGUMENT FOR A NEW TRIAL: Mr. Scoville thought he could be ready by the latter part of the week, as all the questions he cared about taking up were as to this newspaper and in respect to the newly discovered evidence.

THE COURT: The court, therefore fixed Friday for the evidence.

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY: The district attorney said he did not intend the jury should be put on trial. This newspaper was suspicious on its face. The gentleman who had filed the affidavit, and who had purloined the paper, had already been bound over for forgery in the district. He (the district attorney) would show the court that this was a clever attempt at forgery. He would not agree that the jury who had done their duty so faithfully should be put upon trial, and the oath of such a man at that place against theirs.

THE COURT: The court stated that there was no such practice as appointing a commission on a question of this kind, but that it was within the discretion of the court to interrogate the parties making affidavits, and he thought he would exercise that discretion.

SCOVILLE: Said he was perfectly willing the court should interrogate the affiants. When the district attorney came here and alleged forgery it became a serious matter.

THE COURT: The court suggested to the district attorney that it might be well to have the jury present Friday, and the matter went over for the present.

JOHN W. GUILFOYLE: In reference to the Snyder affidavit, that he has compared the names of the jurors written on the margin of the newspaper with the legitimate signatures written in his album, and finds the similarity such that would warrant any one in making an affidavit that he verily believes the writing on the paper was by the jurors.

THE COURT: The court, however, has the signatures of the jury and others connected with the trial.

SCOVILLE: Said he was given a card to the American people, in which he says:

"IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES I DO NOT FEEL CALLED UPON AS A MATTER OF PUBLIC INTEREST ALONE, TO GIVE AN ADDITIONAL TWO MONTHS' TIME TO THE MOTION OF A NEW TRIAL FOR GUILFOYLE BEFORE THE COURT IN BANC. IF MY FELLOW-CITIZENS, FEW OR MANY, THINK THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE, THE SENSE OF HUMANITY OR HONOR TO THE COUNTRY, REQUIRE THIS TO BE PROLONGED, AND THAT NO EFFORT BE SPARED TO SECURE A VERDICT AND JUDGMENT AFTER PASSION SHALL HAVE SUBSIDED IN THE PUBLIC MIND, LET THEM MANIFEST IT BY PROVIDING THE MEANS, AND COMPETENT COUNSEL WILL BE SECURED AT ONCE. I ASK NOTHING FOR MYSELF UP TO THIS TIME, BUT CAN NOT GIVE MY OWN SERVICES HEREAFTER WITHOUT COMPENSATION; AT LEAST \$2,000 IS NEEDED. SHOULD A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT NOT BE RECEIVED THE MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED ON REQUEST." AD

DR. A. J. STONER, Agent. Jan 28th & 29th.

THE MONEY PAID FOR INTOXICATING DRINKS IN NEW YORK CITY IS ESTIMATED AT \$270,000 A DAY, OR \$94,500,000 A YEAR.

DR. ACNEW SAYS THAT UNDER ORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES HE WOULD HAVE CHARGED FROM \$750 TO \$1,000 A VISIT WHILE ATTENDING PRESIDENT GARFIELD. THAT SETTLES IT. WHEN WE GOT FATALIY SICK, WE SHALL BE OBLIGED TO SHUFFLE OFF THIS MORTAL COIL WITHOUT THE AID OF DR. ACNEW. IT WOULD BE CHEAPER.

Norfolk Herald.

"FAIR DEALING" IS OUR STANDARD. "ONE-PRICE" IS OUR ANCHOR.

"PERMANENT POPULARITY" IS OUR GOAL.

CHEAP CHARLEY'S

One-Piece Clothing House.

STRICT ATTENTION: Politicos always shown to patrons no misrepresentations permitted at Cheap Charley's, the manufacturer of clothing exclusively for retail trade.

Jan 21st & 22nd.

ST. LOUIS BEER.

Anthony & Kahn's celebrated St. Louis Lager Beer delivered to any part of the city in large or small kegs, by J. S. CAMPBELL, Agent. July 30th.

WITNESS THE GREAT OVERCOAT SALE AT CHEAP CHARLEY'S.

Ministers, lawyers, teachers and others whose occupation gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pill for torpid liver and biliousness. One pill a dose. Sold by Hubbard & Swearns.

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DAY STOVE WOOD, AT McCLELLAND'S COAL YARD. SEND ORDERS FROM COLE BROS' DRUG STORE.

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Jan 21st & 22nd

WE ARE MAKING

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

To all who think of buying a Watch,

EITHER SILVER OR GOLD!

WE HANDLE

ONLY THE RELIABLE GOODS.

AND THOSE WE CAN

ENTIRELY WARRANT.

We buy and sell by far the

GREATEST NUMBER of WATCHES

of any one in this part of the State and feel sure we can save any one money on this class of goods as well as on the

OTHER WARES

IN OUR LINE

Every one should see our TRIPLE-PLATED three-dollar SILVER CASTERS—they are worth FIVE.

OTTO E. CURTIS & CO.,
LEADING RELIABLE JEWELERS.

Jan. 31, 1882.

CARPETS

AND

WALL-PAPER.

The first NEW PATTERNS for 1882 just received by

ABEL & LOCKE.

S. G. Hatch & Bro.,
10 MERCHANT STREET.

Will continue their unpreceded CHEAP SALE

TWO WEEKS LONGER,

And then comes Stock-Taking. We are determined, and shall make an extra effort, to REDUCE our large stock of

DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKINGS,
PLUSHES,
VELVETS and
WINTER HOSIERY.

What few Dolmans, Cloaks, Ulsters, Circulars and Children's Cloaks we have left will be closed out

WITHOUT REFERENCE TO COST OR VALUE!

Come and get them at your own price.

Remember, No. 10 MERCHANT ST.

G. HATCH & BRO.

The Daily Republican.

TERMS.

Per week, payable to Carrier, 15 Cts.
One year, in advance, 37.00
Six Months, 33.50
Three Months, 17.50

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 31, 1882.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Boys' Wagons, all sizes, at
E. D. BARTHOLOMEW & CO's.

Last day of diary.

Pick out valentines.

Join "Photos" to-night.

Arrive the revival meetings to-night.

Another three-inches of snow fell in this

section last night.

Grand-maup roller-skate carnival at the tabernacle to-morrow night.

From week-end. The first month of

spring will be with us.

Six of the jilt birds have gone up the

road. Bye-bye.

A NUMBER of Farmers came to town to

day in sleds.

Prayer-meeting again to-night at the First

M. E. and U. C. churches.

The room on Water street, south of

Osman's corner, is being fitted up nicely

for a new stock of millinery goods to be

placed in it by Miss Mollie Chew.

Time Chinnon was a great favorite

with the "gallerie gods" at the opera

house last night.

Orbits for DECATOR NUT COAL,

scraps, &c., promptly filled by R. McClelland,

Telephone at Cole Bros' drug store.

Jan. 31—d2w

The last marked person at the roller

skate to-morrow evening will be awarded a

handsome prize.

The Stanford surprise party formed

quite a big procession last evening as it

marked the post the Bremen office.

Part of the Abbott company recognized

the fact that the Palace is a first class

hotel, and stopped there on Saturday and

Sunday.

Stocks none but Schroeder's boss Bohemian

cigars and you'll be happy.

The prisoners who escaped from the

city under-are still at large. This is a

bad day to fast traveling.

The Decatur Band will be present at the

roller-skate carnival at the tabernacle to-morrow night.

No person will be allowed to skate who is not masked.

It is a moving day with O. Ewing &

Co. Their new factory on Morgan street will be supplied with steam power.

Leave orders for Soft Coal at George

Stroud's grocery store.

Jan. 31—d2w

ED. MARTIN.

The old soldiers may be called upon again to repeat their novel entertainment at the tabernacle.

"King Lear" will be given in Decatur by John McCullough, and not by Keane. The latter will give us "Richard the Third," in March.

Beaumarchais piano cases on sale at C.

B. Prescott's.

Time receipts from the Burnett-Finch

joint discussion at Lincoln, last week,

were \$43,300. The price of admission to

the ball each of the two evenings was 10 cents for each person.

A. C. Stevens is now established in his

office over Abel & Lock's carpet store,

where he will be pleased to see persons

looking for extra bargains in city property;

he has also some excellent Maeon county

goods for sale. Call and see him.

Jan. 28—d2w

Look at those stocks of new headstalls

to. Peiries & Co's.

A larger number of cases on the dock-

deck in the freight court were summa-

rily disposed of yesterday afternoon.

The old song roundabout?

See Peiries & Co's.

No model re-

quired. Only \$200 expense in case of failure.

Quick work specially. J. P. Gra-

ham, pianist, collector of Stroud's marble

shops.

The Dunhams have purchased 80 acres

of land in Oakley township, Ida County,

near Cerro Gordo, and will establish the

Bethel's Orphan Home on the land.

Assorted choice eastern apples

received at Young Bros' today.

Jan. 28—d2w

It has been a temper winter for the

street-car line. So far business on that

carried on well.

Two days by the snow.

P. D. Caldwells has plenty of Ida-

county Hard Coal. Chestnut No. 4, and

stone. Office with American Express Co.

Orders promptly filled.

dec30th.

The dwelling of W. P. Smith, in

Friends Creek township, was destroyed

by fire on the night of Jan. 28th. Most

of the furniture was saved. Loss about

\$500. The cause of the fire was a defec-

tive tire.

The Elkhorn Social Club will give a

dancing party at their home house on

Thursday evening, Feb. 9th, at

the same time as the opera.

It will be an invitation affair. During next

month this home company will probably

have a grand oyster supper and festival at the

tabernacle.

Leave orders at Cole Bros' drug store,

at the New Denning and St. Nicholas Ho-

tel for Linford's carriages and omnibus.

Also can orders by telephone to

the office on South Main street.

Calls made at all hours of the day and night.

Passengers and baggage transferred to

and from all trains and to all parts of the

country.

Nov. 20th.

"THE DRESSER," the noblest and

latest style hat, to be had only at

now-4d-wif.

B. STINE'S.

CAN Cataract be cured? Yes, certainly.

Dr. Sykes' "Sure Cure" will cure it.

25—d2w

We recommend Carter's Iron Pills to

every woman who is weak, nervous and

discouraged; particularly those who have

thin, pale lips, cold hands and feet, and

who are without strength or ambition.

Carter's Iron Pills are specially prepared, and

this class cannot be used without benefit.

Valuable for men also. In metal boxes

of 50 cents. Sold by Hubbard & Swear-

inger.

Free of Cost.

All persons wishing to test the merits of

a great remedy—one that will positively

cure consumption, coughs, colds, asthma,

bronchitis, or any affection of the throat

and lungs—are requested to call at Hub-

bard & Swearinger's Drug Store and get

a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discov-

ery for Consumption, free of cost, which

will show you what a regular dollar-size

bottle will do.

Jan. 31—d2w

Hay for Sale.

I have for sale in the barn on the farm,

eight miles from Decatur, about 20 tons

good timothy hay, at \$15 per ton. Apply

